

What's in your dung?

A guide to dung beetle species in the Riverina.





REGIONAL GUIDE

The Riverina

The Riverina

Dung beetle species that are commonly found in the region.

Introduced



fimetarius Dweller



Bubas bison Tunneler



Digitonthophagus gazella

Tunneler



Euoniticellus africanus Tunneler



Euoniticellus fulvus

Tunneler



Euoniticellus intermedius

Tunneler



Euoniticellus pallipes

Tunneler



Onitis alexis

Tunneler



Onitis aygulus

Tunneler



Onthophagus binodis

Tunneler



Onthophagus taurus

Tunneler

Natives



Onthophagus australis



Onthophagus pentacanthus



Onthophagus dandalu



Onthophagus granulatus

Seasonal activity

When dung beetles are most likely to be found in dung (in your region)

		•											
		Spring			Summer			Autumn			Winter		
Aphodius fimetarius	S E P	O C T	N O V	D E C	J A N	F E B	M A R	A P R	A Y	J U N	J U L	A U G	
Bubas bison	•							•	•	•	•		
Digitonthophagus gazella			•	•	•	•	•						
Evoniticellus africanus			•	•	•	•	•						
Euoniticellus fulvus			•	•	•	•	•						
Euoniticellus intermedius			•	•	•	•	•	•					
Euoniticellus pallipes		•	•	•	•	•	•	•					
Onitis alexis			•	•	•	•	•	•					
Onitis aygulus		•	•	•	•	•	•	•					
Onthophagus binodis			•	•									
Onthophagus taurus		•	•	•	•	•	•	•					

Aphodius fimetarius

Dweller

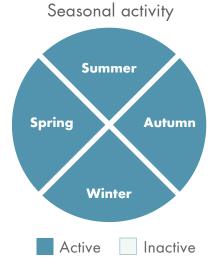
Colour orange-red ribbed elytra with a black head and thorax

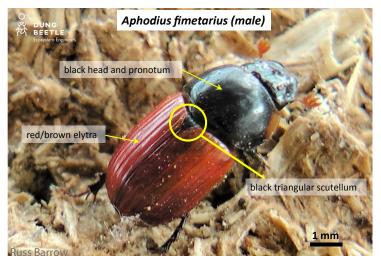
Horns none

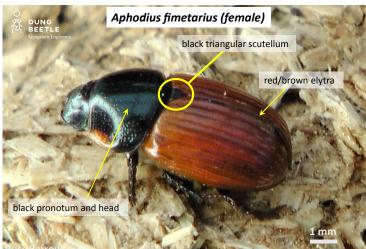
Flight time day

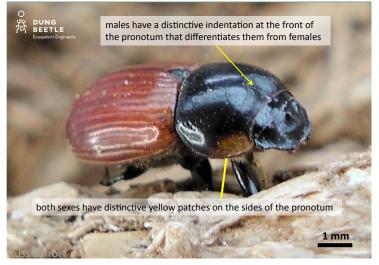
Yearly Activity entire year

Distribution southern Australia including TAS













Tunneler

Colour shiny black

Horns horn on each side of head and horn on pronotum (male); distinct ridge on head between eyes and on pronotum (female)

Flight time dusk and dawn

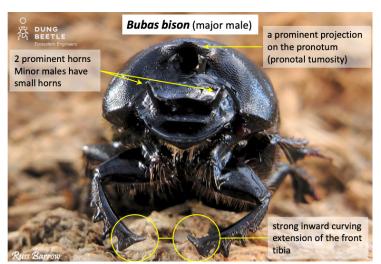
Distribution WA, SA, VIC, southern NSW

Seasonal activity



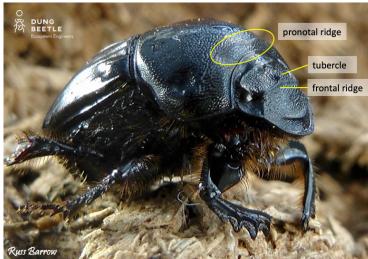


Burrowing depth
20 - 65 cm









Digitonthophagus gazella Seasonal activity

Tunneler

Colour two-toned; darkbrown pronotum, lighter brown elytra

Horns males have a pair of horns at the back of the head

Flight time dusk and dawn

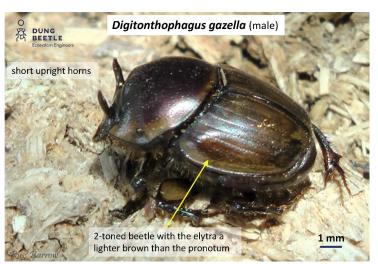
Minor minor males have smaller horns

Distribution northern and eastern Australia



Burrowing depth

18 - 25 cm









Euoniticellus africanus



Tunneler

Colour light to dark brown with faint diamond shape on pronotum. Two shiny black triangles on pronotum

Horns none

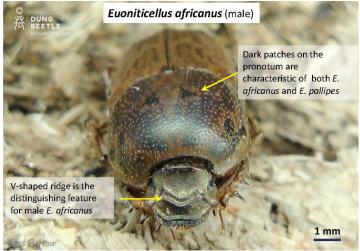
Flight time day

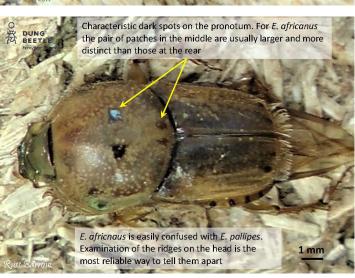
Distribution southeast QLD, eastern NSW

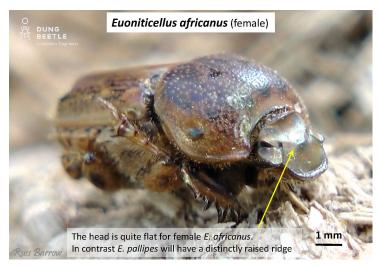
Similar Species *E. pallipes* female has a small ridge between eyes, but *E. africanus* has none. *E. pallipes* male has shallowly arched ridge between eyes, which is strongly curved in *E. africanus*.

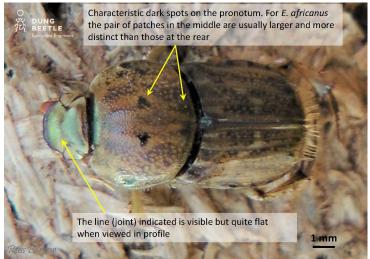


Size: **8 mm ♣ ← ▶ 13 mm**









Euoniticellus fulvus



Tunneler

Colour yellow to medium brown, no speckling on pronotum. Wing covers may have dark brown patches but no speckling

Horns none; males have two ridges at front of head but females have none

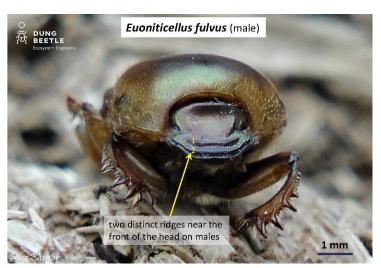
Flight time day

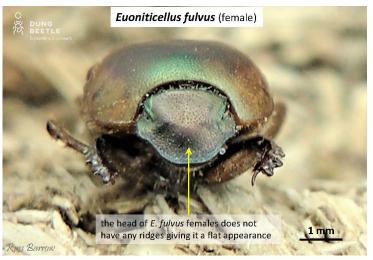
Distribution WA, SA, VIC, NSW, TAS

Similar Species Similar to other species of Euoniticellus, but its small size and lack of markings set it apart.



Burrowing depth 17 - 23 cm









Euoniticellus intermedius



Seasonal activity

Tunneler

Colour yellow-brown, with diamond pattern on pronotum

Horns males have a blunt horn in middle of head; females have a ridge between the eyes

Flight time day

Distribution throughout Australia except very dry and southernmost regions

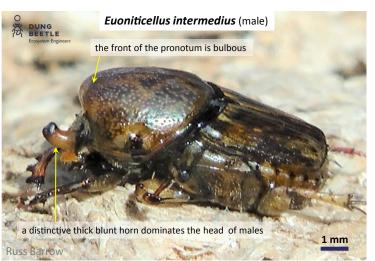
Similar Species similar to other species of *Euoniticellus*, but the distinctive markings on pronotum differentiate it from other species.

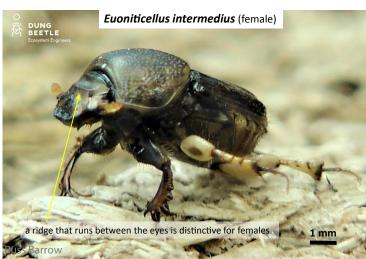


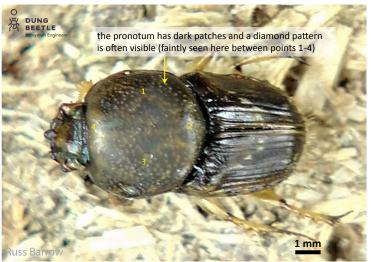
Size: **7 mm 8 ↔ 8 9 mm**

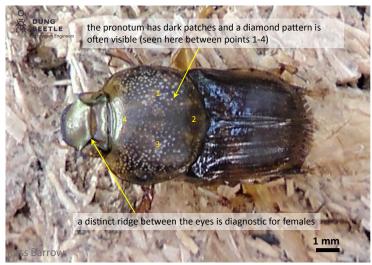
Burrowing depth

11 - 19 cm









Euoniticellus pallipes 🔌

Seasonal activity

Tunneler

Colour light to medium brown with speckling over pronotum and wing covers. 2–3 pairs of dark patches in centre of pronotum

Horns none; arched ridge between eyes in males, small ridge in females

Flight time day

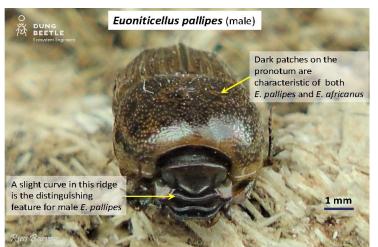
Distribution WA, SA, VIC, NSW

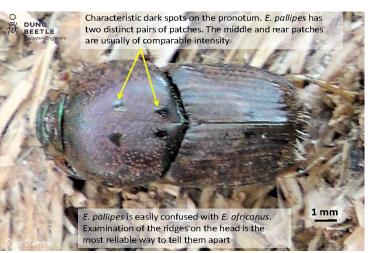
Similar Species *E. pallipes* female has a small ridge between eyes, but *E. africanus* female has none. *E. pallipes* male has shallowly arched ridge between eyes, which is strongly curved in male *E. africanus*.

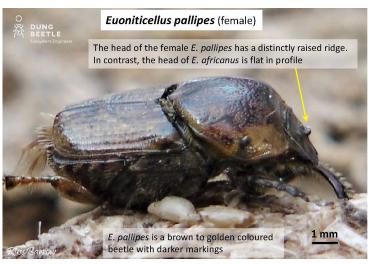


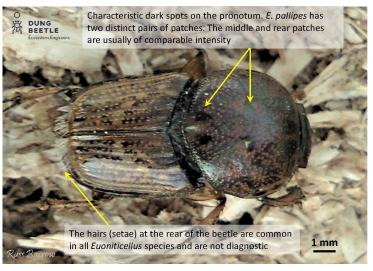
Inactive

Active









Geotrupes spiniger

Tunneler

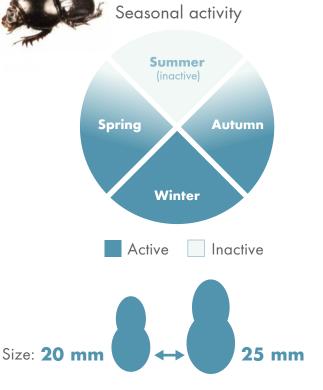
Colour shiny black with metallic blue/ purplish underside

Horns none

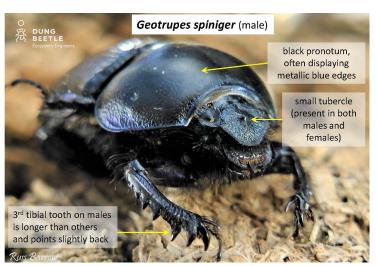
Flight time dusk and dawn

Distribution TAS, VIC, southest and northeast NSW

Similar Species unlikely to be confused with any other species of dung beetle found in Australia.



Burrowing depth
20 - 28 cm











Colour green/coppery pronotum, light brown wing covers

Horns both sexes have a ridge midway between eyes and front of head; female has distinct bump at back of head

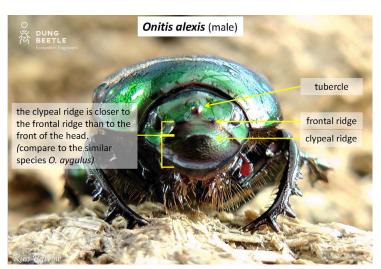
Flight time dusk and dawn

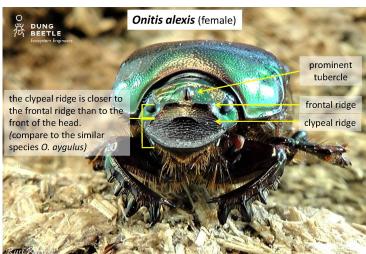
Distribution all of Australia except TAS

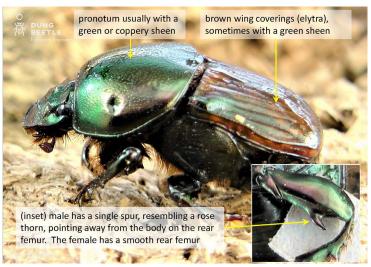
Similar Species Onitis aygulus is larger and has an unequal double spur on hind femur of male (single spur in O. alexis).

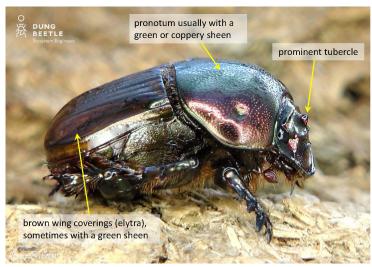


Burrowing depth









Onitis aygulus

Tunneler

Colour dark brown pronotum with coppery or green sheen, light brown wing covers

Horns female has distinct bump at back of head and a ridge close to front of head

Flight time dusk and dawn

Distribution WA, SA, VIC, NSW

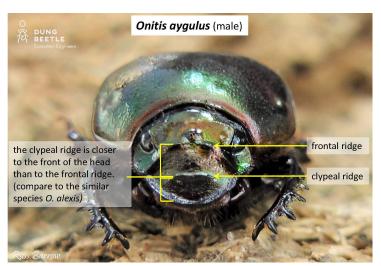
Similar Species Onitis alexis is similar but smaller and has a single curved spur on hind femur of male (unequal double spur in O. aygulus).

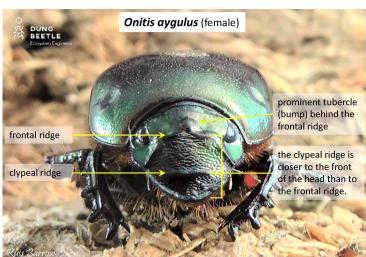


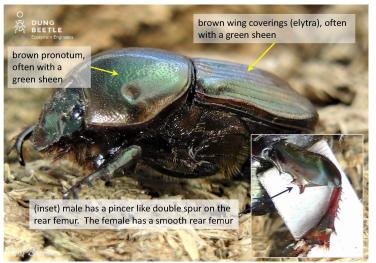
Seasonal activity

Burrowing depth

5 - 16 cm









Onthophagus binodis 🥠



Tunneler

Colour matt black

Horns large lobe at front of pronotum (males), smaller in females

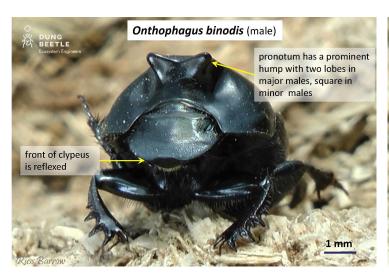
Flight time day

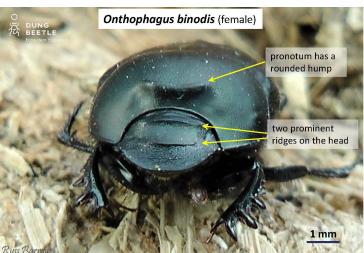
Distribution WA, SA, VIC, NSW, TAS, southeast QLD

Similar Species female O. taurus are similar to female O. binodis, but O. taurus females are shinier and the front of the pronotum is rounded.

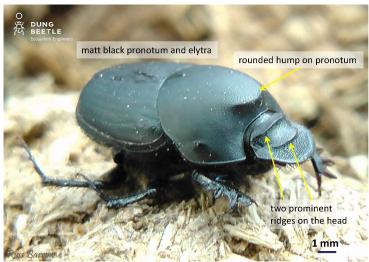


Burrowing depth 17 - 23 cm









Onthophagus taurus 🐠



Seasonal activity

Tunneler

Colour shiny black

Horns males have long, curved horns; females have none

Flight time day

Minor minor males have very short horns extending upward from back of head

Distribution WA, SA, VIC, TAS, NSW

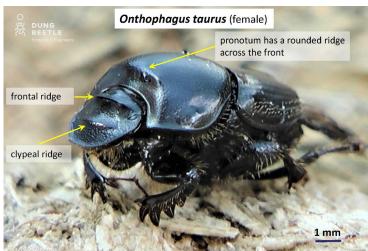
Similar Species female O. binodis are similar to female O. taurus, but O. taurus females are shinier and the front of the pronotum is rounded, not lobed.



Burrowing depth

8 - 13 cm



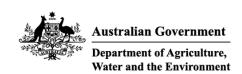






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